

# TE0712 CPLD

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## Overview

Firmware for PCB CPLD with designator U3: LCMX02-256HC

## Feature Summary

## Firmware Revision and supported PCB Revision

See [Document Change History](#)

## Product Specification

## Port Description

Name / opt. VHDL Name	Direction	Pin	Pullup /Down	Bank Power	Description	Note: PCB REV03 Connection	Note: PCB REV2 REV1 Connection
JTAGEN	in	26	---	3.3V	Switch JTAG between CPLD and FPGA (logical one for CPLD, logical zero for FPGA)		
TMS / TMS	IN	29	DOWN	3.3V	JTAG from B2B connector		
TCK / TCK	IN	30	DOWN	3.3V	JTAG from B2B connector		
TDI / TDI	IN	32	DOWN	3.3V	JTAG from B2B connector		
TDO / TDO	OUT	1	DOWN	3.3V	JTAG from B2B connector		
F_TMS / F_TMS	OUT	21	DOWN	3.3V	JTAG to FPGA		
F_TCK / F_TCK	OUT	17	DOWN	3.3V	JTAG to FPGA		

F_TDI / F_TDI	OUT	23	DOWN	3.3V	JTAG to FPGA		
F_TDO / F_TDO	IN	20	DOWN	3.3V	JTAG to FPGA		
ULI_SYSTEM / ULI_SYSTEM	IN	4	UP	3.3V	FPGA access W22 PIN / This pin is connected to internal clock of CPLD in CPLD firmware revision 1. / In CPLD firmware revision 2 is used as SCL pin of I2C interface between CPLD and FPGA.		
FPGA_IO	INOUT	10	UP	3.3V	FPGA access U22 PIN (PUDC) / This pin is connected to LED1 for CPLD firmware revision 1. / In CPLD firmware revision 2 and later is used as SDA pin of I2C interface between CPLD and FPGA after configuring the FPGA.		
RESIN	IN	16	UP	3.3V	RESETIN from B2B connector (Negative Reset)		
DONE	IN	28	UP	3.3V	FPGA Configuration DONE_0 Pin		
PROG_B	OUT	27	UP	3.3V	FPGA Configuration PROGRAM_ B_0 Pin		
PGOOD	OUT	12	UP	3.3V	PGOOD to B2B connector		
PG_ALL / PG_ALL	IN	25	UP	3.3V	from module generated 3.3 V Voltage	As PG_ALL renamed /In the hardware is connected to 3.3V./ In CPLD firmware is pulled up.	As PG_SENSE in CPLD firmware code. / In the hardware is connected to 3.3V. (Without label)
EN1	IN	11	UP	3.3V	Power Enable from B2B Connector (Positive Enable)		
SYSLED2 / SYSLED1	OUT	8	NONE	3.3V	Module LED D2 (Red)		

SYSLED1/ SYSLED2	OUT	9	NONE	3.3V	Module LED D1 (Green)		
MODE	INOUT	13	UP	3.3V	In firmware revision 1 is <b>u nused</b> . / For firmware revision 2 is used as GPIO for user.		
NOSEQ	INOUT	14	UP	3.3V	In firmware revision 1 is <b>u nused</b> . / For firmware revision 2 is used as GPIO for user.		
ULI_CPLD / ULI_CPLD	INOUT	5	NONE	3.3V	In firmware revision 1 is <b>u nused</b> . / For firmware revision 2 is connected to internal clock of CPLD.		

## Functional Description

### JTAG

JTAG signals routed directly through the CPLD to FPGA. Access between CPLD and FPGA can be multiplexed via JTAGEN (logical one for CPLD, logical zero for FPGA).

### Power

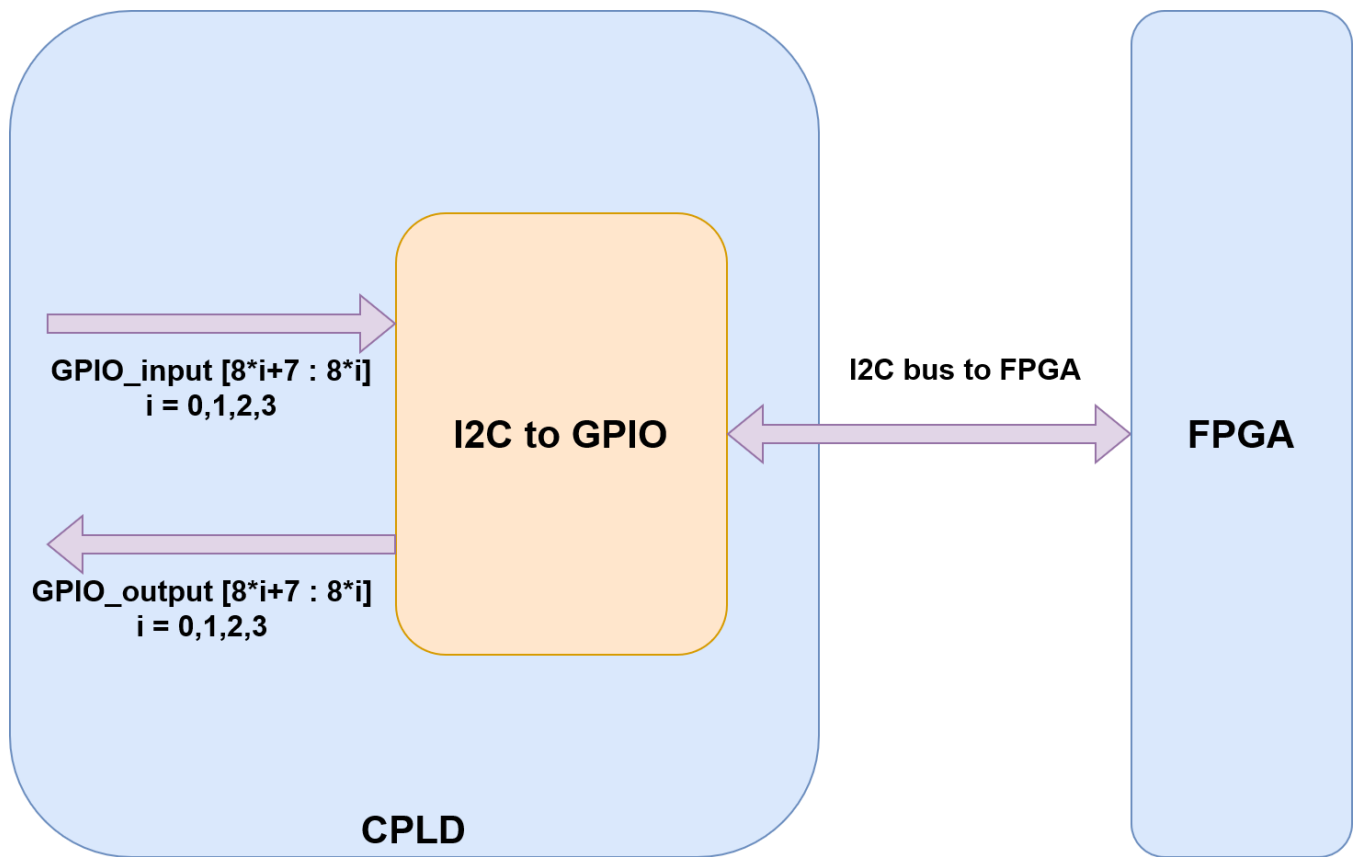
PGOOD is zero, if EN1 or PG\_ALL is zero else high impedance state. PUDC is high during FPGA configuration.

### FPGA Configuration

FPGA configuration process will be started, if RESIN, PG\_ALL and EN1 is ONE.

### I2C interface

CPLD firmware consists of a i2c t GPIO block. This subsystem provides i2c protocol interface to 32-bit (4 x 8-bit) (GPIO\_input[31:0]) registers for reading from CPLD and (4 x 8-bit) (GPIO\_output[31:0]) registers for writing in CPLD as general purpose parallel input and output (I/Os). The written and read data is communicated from/to FPGA via i2c bus interface protocol. The address of this block in the firmware is 0x20. In this case related i2c bus is bus 1.



Register	Direction in CPLD	Address
GPIO_input[7:0]	Output (reading from CPLD)	0x00
GPIO_input[15:8]	Output (reading from CPLD)	0x01
GPIO_input[23:16]	Output (reading from CPLD)	0x02
GPIO_input[31:24]	Output (reading from CPLD)	0x03
GPIO_output[7:0]	Input (writing to CPLD)	0x00
GPIO_output[15:8]	Input (writing to CPLD)	0x01
GPIO_output[23:16]	Input (writing to CPLD)	0x02
GPIO_output[31:24]	Input (writing to CPLD)	0x03

## NOSEQ

Noseq pin can be used by user as GPIO. In this case the following table is valid:

NOSEQ pin as output	Condition	Command in linux console
'1'	GPIO_output(16) = '0'	i2cset -y 1 0x20 0x02 0x00

'0'	GPIO_output(16) = '1'	i2cset -y 1 0x20 0x02 0x01
<b>NOSEQ pin as input</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Command in linux console</b>
Reading state of NOSEQ pin	GPIO_input(16) = NOSEQ	i2cget -y 1 0x20 0x02

## MODE

Mode pin can read via I2C too:

<b>MODE pin</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Command in linux console</b>
Reading state of MODE pin	GPIO_input(17) = MODE	i2cget -y 1 0x20 0x02

## LED

LED	STATUS	Condition	Description
SYSLED1 (Green)	Blink sequence *****	RESIN = '0'	
SYSLED1 (Green)	Blink sequence ****o000	DONE = '0'	
SYSLED1 (Green)	ON	GPIO_output(17) = '1'	Related command in linux console: i2cset -y 1 0x20 0x02 0x02
SYSLED1 (Green)	OFF	otherwise	
LED	STATUS	Condition (User defined)	Description
SYSLED2 (Red)	OFF	MODE = '0' and NOSEQ = '0'	MODE can be changed for example for TE0703 carrier board via dip switch S2-4. NOSEQ can be changed in linux console via i2cset command.
SYSLED2 (Red)	Blink sequence **o00000	MODE = '0' and NOSEQ = '1'	NOSEQ can be set high via the following command in linux console: i2cset -y 1 0x20 0x02 0x00
SYSLED2 (Red)	Blink sequence *****oo	MODE = '1' and NOSEQ = '0'	MODE can be set high via setting MODE pin in carrier board. For example if you use TE0703 as carrier board MODE pin is connected with dip switch S2-4.
SYSLED2 (Red)	ON	MODE = '1' and NOSEQ = '1'	

## Access to CPLD registers

CPLD registers can be accessed via i2c interface. In the following table is shown how these registers can be read or written:

Register	Direction in CPLD	Address	Related instruction in linux console to access the register
GPIO_input[7:0]	Output (reading from CPLD)	0x00	i2cget -y 1 0x20 0x00
GPIO_input[15:8]	Output (reading from CPLD)	0x01	i2cget -y 1 0x20 0x01
GPIO_input[23:16]	Output (reading from CPLD)	0x02	i2cget -y 1 0x20 0x02
GPIO_input[31:24]	Output (reading from CPLD)	0x03	i2cget -y 1 0x20 0x03
GPIO_output[7:0]	Input (writing to CPLD)	0x00	i2cset -y 1 0x20 0x00 <data>
GPIO_output[15:8]	Input (writing to CPLD)	0x01	i2cset -y 1 0x20 0x01 <data>
GPIO_output[23:16]	Input (writing to CPLD)	0x02	i2cset -y 1 0x20 0x02 <data>
GPIO_output[31:24]	Input (writing to CPLD)	0x03	i2cset -y 1 0x20 0x03 <data>

The first register GPIO\_input[7:0] is used to show CPLD revision.

Register	Address	Related data	Read/Write by user	Description
GPIO_input[7:0]	0x00	CPLD REVISION (8 bits)	No	
GPIO_input(16)	0x02	NOSEQ pin	Yes	To read NOSEQ pin : i2cget -y 1 0x20 0x02 --> Bit 0 shows NOSEQ pin state.
GPIO_input(17)	0x02	MODE pin	Yes	To read MODE pin : i2cget -y 1 0x20 0x02 --> Bit 1 shows MODE pin state.
Register	Address	related data		Description
GPIO_output(16)	0x02	NOSEQ pin	Yes	For example to set NOSEQ pin high: i2cset -y 1 0x20 0x02 0x00

GPIO_output(17)	0x02	SYSLED1 (Green)	Yes	To turn SYSLED1 (Green) on : i2cset -y 1 0x20 0x02 0x02
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The CPLD revision is displayed in linux console while booting as shown:

```

*****
Reading CPLD firmware revision....!
*****
CPLD_REVISION = 3
*****

```

**Showing CPLD revision**

If CPLD firmware is older than REV02, then CPLD revision will not be displayed and user should update the firmware. In this case the following message will be displayed:

```

*****
Reading CPLD firmware revision....!
I2C WRITE ERROR!
*****
Please check the firmware version,please update the CPLD firmware!
*****

```

**Updating CPLD firmware message**

## Appx. A: Change History

### Revision Changes

REV02 to REV03 changes:

- The state of FPGA\_IO pin (PUDC pin) is set to high to measure the voltage of the FPGA IO pins correctly even if the FPGA is not programmed.

REV01 to REV02 changes:

- Renaming the port signals according to the schematic.
- Defining and reading CPLD Revision via i2c interface.
- JTAG signal timing adjustment
- Adding i2c to gpio ip (i2c\_slave.vhd)
- LEDs functions was changed:
  - SYSLED1 (green LED) shows the DONE and RESIN and GPIO\_output(17) bit state of GPIO\_output register.
  - SYSLED2 (Red LED) shows the state of NOSEQ and MODE pins.
- PG\_SENSE renamed to PG\_ALL.
- PGOOD pulled up.

### Document Change History

To get content of older revision got to "Change History" of this page and select older document revision number.

Date	Document Revision	CPLD Firmware Revision	Supported PCB Revision	Authors	Description
		REV03	REV01, REV02, REV03		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Firmware REV03 release</li> <li>Firmware release (SC-TE0712-010203_SC712-03_20221128.zip)</li> <li>The state of PUDC pin is set to high to measure the voltage of the FPGA IO pins correctly even if the FPGA is not programmed.</li> </ul>
		REV03	REV01, REV02, REV03		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Firmware REV03 release</li> <li>Firmware release (SC-TE0712-010203_SC712-03_20221128.zip)</li> <li>The state of PUDC pin is set to high to measure the voltage of the FPGA IO pins correctly even if the FPGA is not programmed.</li> </ul>
2022-10-20	v.25	REV02	REV01, REV02, REV03	Mohsen Chamanbaz	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Firmware REV02 release</li> <li>Firmware release (SC-PGM-TE0712-010203_SC712-02_20221020.zip)</li> <li>I2C interface between CPLD chip and FPGA added</li> <li>Indicating CPLD revision while booting</li> </ul>
2018-05-15	v.24	REV01	REV01, REV02	John Hartfiel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>document style update</li> <li>add PUDC status</li> </ul>
2017-01-26	v.17	REV01	REV01, REV02	John Hartfiel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Rev01, Firmware released 2014-07-03</li> </ul>
2016-11-04	v.1	---			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Initial release</li> </ul>

	All			<div> <div></div> <div> Error rendering macro 'page-info'  Ambiguous method overloading for method jdk.proxy279.\$Proxy4022#hasContentLevel </div> </div>	
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## Appx. B: Legal Notices

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# REACH, RoHS and WEEE

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## RoHS

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Trenz Electronic is registered under WEEE-Reg.-Nr. DE97922676.

### Error rendering macro 'page-info'

Ambiguous method overloading for method jdk.

proxy279.\$Proxy4022#hasContentLevelPermission. Cannot resolve which method to invoke for [null, class java.lang.String, class com.atlassian.confluence.pages.Page] due to overlapping prototypes between: [interface com.atlassian.confluence.user.ConfluenceUser, class java.lang.String, class com.atlassian.confluence.core.ContentEntityObject] [interface com.atlassian.user.User, class java.lang.String, class com.atlassian.confluence.core.ContentEntityObject]