### **TE0720 TRM**

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### Overview

The Trenz Electronic TE0720 is an industrial-grade SoM (System on Module) based on Xilinx Zynq-7000 SoC (XC7Z020 or XC7Z014S) with up to 1 GB of DDR3/L SDRAM, 32MB of SPI flash memory, Gigabit Ethernet PHY transceiver, a USB PHY transceiver and powerful switching-mode power supplies for all on-board voltages. A large number of configurable I/Os is provided via rugged high-speed stacking strips. See also Variants Currently in Production section.

### **Key Features**

- Xilinx XC7Z SoC (XC7Z020 or XC7Z014S)
  - Processing system (PS):
    - XC7Z020: Dual-core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore™ with CoreSight™
    - XC7Z014S: Single-core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore<sup>TM</sup> with CoreSight<sup>TM</sup>
    - L1 cache: 32 KByte instruction, 32 KByte data per processor
    - L2 cache: Unified 512 KByte
  - O Programmable logic (PL): Artix-7 FPGA
    - Programmable logic cells: 85K (XC7Z020), 65K (XC7Z014S)
    - Block RAM: 4.9 MByte (XC7Z020), 3.8 MByte (XC7Z014S)
    - DSP slices: 220 (XC7Z020), 170 (XC7Z014S)
    - Peak DSP performance: 276 GMACs (XC7Z020), 187 GMACs (XC7Z014S)
    - 2x 12 bit, MSPS ADCs with up to 17 differential inputs
- 54 multiuse I/O (MIO) pins
- 152 High-Range (HR) I/O pins (SelectIO interfaces)
- System Controller CPLD (Lattice LCMXO2-1200HC)
- Up to 1 GByte DDR3/L SDRAM memory (2 x 256 Mbit x 16, 32-bit wide data bus).
- 32 MByte Quad SPI Flash memory
- Gigabit Ethernet transceiver PHY (Marvell 88E1512)
- MAC address serial EEPROM with EUI-48™ node identity (11AA02E48)
- Highly integrated full-featured hi-speed USB 2.0 ULPI transceiver (Microchip USB3320C-EZK)
- 3-axis accelerometer and 3-axis magnetometer (ST Microelectronics LSM303DTR) (Optional!)
- Real time clock with embedded crystal (Intersil ISL12020M): ±5ppm accuracy
- Atmel CryptoAuthentication element (Atmel ATSHA204A)
- Up to 32 GByte eMMC, usually 4 GByte, depends on module variant and assembly option
- User LED 1 (Green), user LED 2 (Red), user LED 3 FPGA DONE (Green)
- On-board high-efficiency DC-DC converters for all voltages used
- Trenz 4 x 5 module socket connectors (3 x Samtec LSHM series connectors)
- Evenly spread supply pins for good signal integrity
- Rugged for shock and high vibration

Additional assembly options are available for cost or performance optimization upon request.

## **Block Diagram**

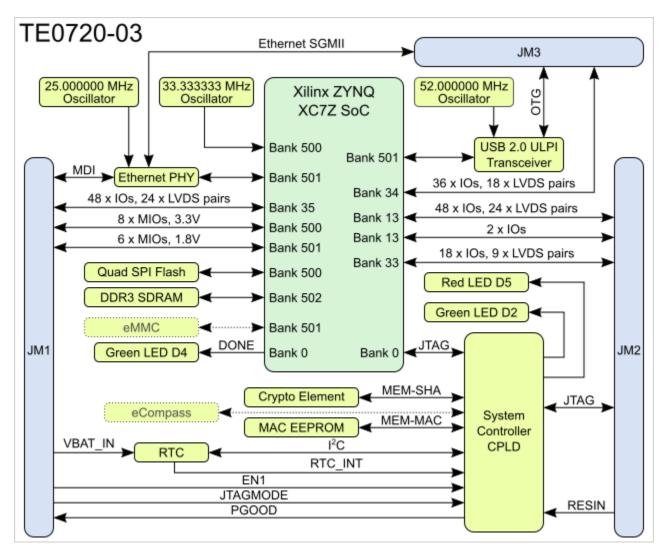


Figure 1: TE0720-03 block diagram.

Components and connections marked with dashed lines are optional or may be missing on some module variants, please contact us for additional information.

# **Main Components**





Figure 2: Main components of the module.

- 1. Xilinx Zynq XC7Z SoC, U5
- 2. 4 Gbit DDR3/L SDRAM, U13
- 3. 4 Gbit DDR3/L SDRAM, U12
- 4. Low-power RTC with battery backed SRAM, U20
- 5. 32 MByte Quad SPI Flash memory, U7
- 6. Red LED (LED2), D5
- 7. Green LED (LED1), D2
- 8. System Controller CPLD, U19
- 9. eMMC NAND Flash, U15
- 10. 4A high-efficiency PowerSoC DC-DC step-down converter (1V), U1
- 11. Green LED (DONE), D4
- **12.** B2B connector Samtec Razor Beam™ LSHM-130, JM3
- 13. B2B connector Samtec Razor Beam™ LSHM-150, JM1
- 14. B2B connector Samtec Razor Beam™ LSHM-150, JM2
- 15. Hi-speed USB 2.0 ULPI transceiver, U18
- 16. Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) transceiver, U8
- 17. Low-power programmable oscillator @ 52.000000 MHz (OTG-RCLK), U14
- 18. Low-power programmable oscillator @ 33.333333 MHz (PS-CLK), U6
- 19. Low-dropout regulator (VBATT), U24
- 20. DDR termination regulator, U4
- 21. 1.5A PowerSoC DC-DC step-down converter with integrated inductor (1.5V), U2
- 22. Atmel CryptoAuthentication chip, U10
- 23. 2Kbit UNI/O® serial EEPROM with EUI-48™ node identity, U17
- 24. Low-power programmable oscillator @ 25.000000 MHz (ETH-CLK), U9
- 25. 1.5A PowerSoC DC-DC step-down converter with integrated inductor (1.8V), U3
- 26. 3A PFET load switch with configurable slew rate (3.3V), Q1

### **Initial Delivery State**

Storage device name	IC	Content	Notes
Quad SPI Flash	U7	Empty	-
eMMC NAND Flash	U15	Empty	-
11AA02E48T EEPROM	U17	Pre-programmed globally unique, 48-bit node address (MAC)	-
System Controller CPLD	U19	Standard firmware.	Download firmware

**Table 1:** Initial state of programmable devices on delivery of the module.

### **Boot Process**

By default the TE-0720 supports QSPI and SD Card boot modes which is controlled by the MODE input signal from the B2B JM1 connector.

MODE Signal State	Boot Mode
High or open	QSPI
Low or connected to the ground	SD Card

Table 14: Boot modes.

# Signals, Interfaces and Pins

# Board to Board (B2B) I/Os

PL I/O signal connections between Zynq SoC's I/O banks and B2B connectors, 152 HR GPIOs total.

Bank	Туре	Voltage	B2B	I/O Count	Notes
13	HR GPIO	VCCIO13	JM2	48	24 LVDS pairs
13	HR GPIO	VCCIO13	JM2	2	B13_IO0 and B13_IO25
33	HR GPIO	VCCIO33	JM2	18	9 LVDS pairs
34	HR GPIO	VCCIO34	JM3	36	18 LVDS pairs
35	HR GPIO	VCCIO35	JM1	48	24 LVDS pairs

Table 2: General PL I/O to B2B connectors information.

PS MIO bank 500 and 501 signal connections to B2B JM1 connector, 14 PS MIOs total.

MIO	B2B Pin	Bank	Voltage	Notes
0	JM1-87	500	3.3V	
9	JM1-91	500	3.3V	
10	JM1-95	500	3.3V	
11	JM1-93	500	3.3V	
12	JM1-99	500	3.3V	
13	JM1-97	500	3.3V	
14	JM1-92	500	3.3V	Also wired to U19-M4
15	JM1-85	500	3.3V	Also wired to U19-N4
40	JM1-27	501	1.8V	Zynq SoC SD0
41	JM1-25	501	1.8V	Zynq SoC SD0
42	JM1-23	501	1.8V	Zynq SoC SD0
43	JM1-21	501	1.8V	Zynq SoC SD0
44	JM1-19	501	1.8V	Zynq SoC SD0
45	JM1-17	501	1.8V	Zynq SoC SD0

For detailed information about the pin-out, please refer to the Pin-out tables.

### **JTAG Interface**

JTAG access to the Zynq SoC and System Controller CPLD is provided through B2B connector JM2.

JTAG Signal	B2B Connector Pin
TMS	JM2-93
TDI	JM2-95
TDO	JM2-97
TCK	JM2-99

Table 4: JTAG pins connection.



JTAGMODE pin 89 in B2B connector JM1 is used to switch access between devices, low selects Zynq SoC, high selects System Controller CPLD.

# **System Controller CPLD I/O Pins**

Special purpose pins are connected to System Controller CPLD and have following default configuration:

Pin Name	Mode	Function	Default Configuration
RESIN	Input	Reset input	Active low reset input, default mapping forces POR_B reset to Zynq PS.
PGOOD	Output	Power good	Active high when all on-module power supplies are working properly.
MODE	Input	Boot mode	Force low for boot from the SD card. Latched at power-on only, not during soft reset!
EN1	Input	Power enable	High enables the DC-DC converters and on-board supplies. Not used if NOSEQ is high.
NOSEQ	Input	Power sequencing	Forces the 1.0V and 1.8V DC-DC converters always ON when high.
JTAGMODE	Input	JTAG select	Keep low for FPGA JTAG access.
MIO7	Input/Output	GPIO	Connected to System Controller CPLD pin P11, function depends on firmware

**Table 5:** System Controller CPLD special purpose pins description.

### **Quad SPI Interface**

Quad SPI Flash (U7) is connected to the Zyng PS QSPI0 interface via PS MIO bank 500, pins MIO1..6.

MIO	Signal Name	U7 Pin
1	SPI-CS	C2
2	SPI-DQ0/M0	D3
3	SPI-DQ1/M1	D2

4	SPI-DQ2/M2	C4
5	SPI-DQ3/M3	D4
6	SPI-SCK/M4	B2

Table 6: Quad SPI interface MIOs and pins.

### **eMMC** Interface

The TE0720 has on-board eMMC memory device (U15) except TE0720-03-1CR variant. At least three different eMMC devices have been used, please contact Trenz Electronic for more specific information.

MIO	Signal Name	U15 Pin
46	MMC-D0	H3
47	MMC-CMD	W5
48	MMC-CLK	W6
49	MMC-D1	H4
50	MMC-D2	H5
51	MMC-D3	J2

Table 7: eMMC interface MIOs and pins.

### **Ethernet Interface**

The Marvell Alaska 88E1512 (U8) is a physical layer device containing a single Gigabit Ethernet transceiver and three separate major electrical interfaces: MDI interface to copper cable, SERDES/SGMII interface and RGMII interface. RGMII interface is connected to the Zynq SoC PS bank 501 MIO pins, see tables below.

SGMII (SFP copper or fiber) pins are routed to the B2B connector JM3 and MDI pins are routed to the B2B connector JM1 (see table below).

#### **Ethernet PHY to B2B connections**

PHY Signal	B2B Pin	PHY Signal	B2B Pin
SOUT_N	JM3-1	PHY_MDI1_P	JM1-10
SOUT_P	JM3-3	PHY_MDI1_N	JM1-12
SIN_N	JM3-2	PHY_MDI2_P	JM1-16
SIN_P	JM3-4	PHY_MDI2_N	JM1-18
PHY_MDI0_P	JM1-4	PHY_MDI3_P	JM1-22
PHY_MDI0_N	JM1-6	PHY_MDI3_N	JM1-24

Table 8: Ethernet PHY to B2B connections.

#### Ethernet PHY to Zynq SoC PS MIO ETH0 connections

PHY Signal	SoC MIO		PHY Signal	SoC MIO
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ETH-TXCK	16	ETH-RXCK	22
ETH-TXD0	17	ETH-RXD0	23
ETH-TXD1	18	ETH-RXD1	24
ETH-TXD2	19	ETH-RXD2	25
ETH-TXD3	20	ETH-RXD3	26
ETH-TXCTL	21	ETH-RXCTL	27
ETH-MDC	52	ETH-MDIO	53

Table 9: Ethernet PHY to Zynq SoC connections.

### **USB** Interface

Hi-speed USB ULPI PHY is provided by USB3320 from Microchip (U18). The ULPI interface is connected to the Zynq SoC PS USB0 via MIO28..39, bank 501.

USB PHY Signal	Wired to	SoC MIO
OTG-DATA4	U18-7	28
OTG-DIR	U18-31	29
OTG-STP	U18-29	30
OTG-NXT	U18-2	31
OTG-DATA0	U18-3	32
OTG-DATA1	U18-4	33
OTG-DATA2	U18-5	34
OTG-DATA3	U18-6	35
OTG-CLK	U18-1	36
OTG-DATA5	U18-9	37
OTG-DATA6	U18-10	38
OTG-DATA7	U18-13	39

Table 10: USB ULPI PHY to Zynq SoC connections.

#### **USB PHY connection**

USB PHY Pin	SC CPLD Pin	B2B Name	Notes
REFSEL02	-	-	Reference clock frequency select, all set to GND = 52.000000 MHz.
RESETB	B14, bank 1	-	Active low reset.
CLKOUT	-	-	ULPI output clock connected to Zynq PS MIO36.
DP, DM		OTG-D_P, OTG-D_N	USB data lines.
CPEN		VBUS_V_EN	External USB power switch active high enable signal.

VBUS	-	USB-VBUS	Connect to USB VBUS via a series of resistors, see reference schematic.
ID	-	OTG-ID	For A-device connect to the ground, for B-device leave floating.
SPK_L	M5, bank 2	-	In USB audio mode a switch connects the DM pin to the SPK_L.
SPK_R	M8, bank 2	-	In USB audio mode a switch connects the DP pin to the SPK_R.

Table 11: USB ULPI PHY connections.

### **I2C Interface**

On-board  $I^2C$  devices are connected to the System Controller CPLD which acts as a  $I^2C$  bus repeater for the Zynq SoC. System Controller CPLD signals X1, X3 and X7 are routed to Zynq SoC bank 34. Exact functionality depends on the System Controller CPLD firmware.

Signal Name	SC CPLD Pin	SoC Pin	Notes
X1	F1	L16	SCL, I2C clock.
X5	J1	P22	SDA, I2C data out.
X7	M1	N22	SDA, I2C data in.

**Table 12:** Zynq SoC to System Controller CPLD I<sup>2</sup>C bus.

I <sup>2</sup> C Device	I <sup>2</sup> C Address	IC	Notes
ISL12020M RTC	0x6F	U20	RTC registers.
ISL12020M SRAM	0x57	U20	Battery backed RAM in RTC IC.
LSM303D	0x1D	U22	Optional, not soldered on current production variants.

**Table 13:** I<sup>2</sup>C slave device addresses.

## **On-board Peripherals**

### **System Controller CPLD**

The System Controller CPLD (U19) is provided by Lattice Semiconductor LCMXO2-1200HC (MachXO2 product family). The System Controller CPLD is the central system management unit where essential control signals are logically linked by the implemented logic in System Controller CPLD firmware, which generates output signals to control the system, the on-board peripherals and the interfaces. Also interfaces like JTAG and I<sup>2</sup>C between the on-board peripherals and to the Zynq SoC are by-passed, forwarded and controlled.

Other tasks of the System Controller CPLD are monitoring of the power-on sequence and to indicate the programming state of the Zynq SoC FPGA.

For more detailed information, refer to the TE0720 System Controller CPLD firmware page.

# **DDR Memory**

By default TE0720 module has two DDR3/L SDRAM chips arranged into 32-bit wide memory bus providing total on-board memory size up to 1 GBytes. Size of memory depends on the module variant, refer to the variants table.

## **Quad SPI Flash Memory**

On-board 32-MByte QSPI flash memory S25FL256S (U7) is used to store initial FPGA configuration. Besides FPGA configuration, remaining free flash memory can be used for user application and data storage. All four SPI data lines are connected to the FPGA allowing x1, x2 or x4 data bus widths. Maximum data rate depends on the selected bus width and clock frequency used.



SPI Flash QE (Quad Enable) bit must be set to high or FPGA is unable to load its configuration from flash during power-on. By default this bit is set to high at the manufacturing plant.

### **eMMC Flash Memory**

eMMC Flash memory device(U15) is connected to the Zynq PS MIO bank 501 pins MIO46..MIO51 (see also Variants Currently in Production for options). Depending on the module variant, different make and model of eMMC chips are available.

### **Gigabit Ethernet PHY**

On-board Gigabit Ethernet PHY is provided with Marvell Alaska 88E1512 IC (U8). The Ethernet PHY RGMII interface is connected to the Zynq Ethernet0 PS GEM0. I/O voltage is fixed at 1.8V for HSTL signalling. The reference clock input of the PHY is supplied from an on-board 25.000000 MHz oscillator (U9), the 125MHz output clock signal CLK\_125MHZ is connected to the pin G13 of the System Controller CPLD chip (U19).

PHY Signal	SC CPLD Pin
ETH-MDC	L14
ETH-MDIO	K14
PHY_LED0	F14
PHY_LED1	D12
PHY_LED2	C13
PHY_CONFIG	C14
ETH-RST	E14
CLK_125MHZ	G13

Table 15: Ethernet PHY to SC CPLD connections.

# High-speed USB ULPI PHY

Hi-speed USB ULPI PHY is provided with USB3320 from Microchip. The ULPI interface is connected to the Zynq PS USB0 via MIO28..39, bank 501 (see also section. The I/O voltage is fixed at 1.8V and PHY reference clock input is supplied from the on-board 52.000000 MHz oscillator (U14).

#### **RTC - Real Time Clock**

Temperature compensated Intersil ISL12020M IC is used for Real Time Clock (U20). Battery voltage must be supplied to the module VBAT\_IN pin from the carrier board to use battery backed functionality. Battery backed registers can be accessed over I<sup>2</sup>C bus at slave address of 0x6F. General purpose RAM is at I<sup>2</sup>C slave address 0x57. RTC IC is supported by Linux so it can be used as *hwclock* device.

### **MAC-Address EEPROM**

A Microchip 2Kbit 11AA02E48 serial EEPROM (U17) is connected to the System Controller CPLD pin M14 via single-I/O UNI/O serial interface and contains pre-programmed globally unique 48-bit node address compatible with EUI-48<sup>TM</sup> specification. Chip is programmed at the factory with a globally unique node address stored in the upper 1/4 of the memory array and write-protected through the STATUS register. The remaining 1,536 bits are available for application use.

### **Atmel CryptoAuthentication Chip**

The ATSHA204A Atmel CryptoAuthentication<sup>TM</sup> chip (U10) is connected to the System Controller CPLD pin N14 via single-wire interface providing various security functions and features such as anti-counterfeiting, firmware/media protection, password validation, secure session key exchanging, secure data storage and more. Refer to the product datasheet for more information.

### eCompass module

Optionally TE0720 module can be fitted with ultra-compact high-performance eCompass device (LSM303D, U22) featuring 3D accelerometer and 3D magnetometer.

#### **Oscillators**

Source	Signal	Frequency	Destination	Pin Name	Notes
U6	PS-CLK	33.333333 MHz	U5	PS_CLK_500	Zynq SoC PS subsystem main clock.
U14	OTG-RCLK	52.000000 MHz	U18	REFCLK	USB3320C PHY reference clock.
U9	ETH-CLK	25.000000 MHz	U8	XTAL_IN	88E1512 PHY reference clock.

Table 16: Oscillators.

### **On-board LEDs**

LED	Color	Connected to	Description and Notes
D2	Green	LED1	Controlled by System Controller CPLD firmware.
D4	Green	DONE	
D5	Red	LED2	Controlled by System Controller CPLD firmware.

Table 17: On-board LEDs.

### Power and Power-On Sequence

# **Power Supply**

Power supply with minimum current capability of 3A for system startup is recommended.

#### **Power Consumption**

Power Input Pin	Typical Current
VIN	TBD*
3.3VIN	TBD*

Table 18: Power Consumption.

\* TBD - To Be Determined.

#### **Power Distribution Diagram**

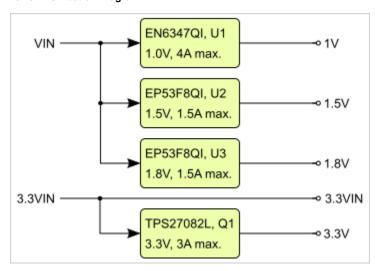


Figure 3: Power distribution diagram.



Current rating of Samtec Razor Beam™ LSHM B2B connectors is 2.0A per pin (2 adjacent pins powered).

### **Power-On Sequence**

For highest efficiency of the on-board DC-DC regulators, it is recommended to use single 3.3V power source for both VIN and 3.3VIN power rails. Although VIN and 3.3VIN can be powered up in any order, it is recommended to power them up simultaneously.

It is important that all carrier board I/Os are 3-stated at power-on until System Controller CPLD sets PGOOD signal high (B2B connector JM1, pin 30), or 3.3V is present on B2B connector JM2 pins 10 and 12, meaning that all on-module voltages have become stable and module is properly powered up.

Use 3.3V or 1.8V output to enable external power supplies or power switches which are used to supply FPGA banks.

See also Xilinx datasheet DS187 for additional information. User should also check related carrier board documentation when choosing carrier board design for TE0720 module.

#### **NOSEQ** input signal

NOSEQ input signal from the carrier board can be used to control output of the two DC-DC converters U1 and U3. It works in conjunction with the System Controller CPLD firmware controlled ON\_1V0 and ON\_1V8 input signals of the U21 and U25 gate ICs.

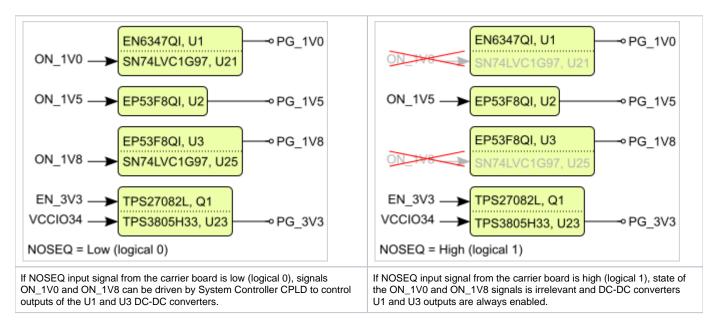


Figure 4: Power sequencing.



Initial state of the ON\_1V0 and ON\_1V8 signals and therefore also functionality of the NOSEQ signal depend on the System Controller CPLD firmware.

### **Power Rails**

B2B Name	B2B JM1 Pins	B2B JM2 Pins	Direction	Note
VIN	1, 3, 5	2, 4, 6, 8	Input	Supply voltage from carrier board.
3.3VIN	13, 15	-	Input	Supply voltage from carrier board.
JTAG VREF	-	91	Output	JTAG reference voltage.
				Attention: Net name on schematic is "3.3VIN"
VCCIO35	9, 11	-	Input	High range bank voltage from carrier board.
VCCIO33	-	5	Input	High range bank voltage from carrier board.
VCCIO13	-	7, 9	Input	High range bank voltage from carrier board.
VCCIO34	-	1, 3	Input	High range bank voltage from carrier board.
VBAT_IN	79	-	Input	RTC battery-buffer supply voltage.
3.3V	-	10, 12	Output	Internal 3.3V voltage level.
1.8V	39	-	Output	Internal 1.8V voltage level.
1.5V <sup>1)</sup>	-	19	Output	Internal 1.5V voltage level.

Table 19: Module power rails.

<sup>1)</sup> In case of module variant of TE0720-03-L1IF which uses Xilinx Zynq XC7Z020-L1CLG484I chip with lower power consumption, power rails named 1.5V and VCCO\_DDR\_502 voltage is actually 1.35V. To achieve this, a resistor with different value is used for R4 (see schematic of the TE0720-03-L1IF for more information).

### **Bank Voltages**

Bank	Schematic Name	Voltage	Notes
500	3.3V, VCCO_MIO0_500	3.3V	
501	1.8V, VCCO_MIO1_501	1.8V	
502	1.5V, VCCO_DDR_502	1.5V	
0 Config	3.3V	3.3V	
13 HR	VCCO13	1.2V to 3.3V	Supplied by the carrier board.
33 HR	VCCIO33	1.2V to 3.3V	Supplied by the carrier board.
34 HR	VCCIO34	1.25V to 3.3 V	Supplied by the carrier board. This FPGA Bank Power must be supplied and is not optional. Minimum Voltage: B34 signals are used for CPLD/FPGA communication and for PG generated by (TPS3805H33DCKR)
35 HR	VCCIO35	1.2V to 3.3V	Supplied by the carrier board.

Table 20: Zynq SoC bank voltages.

### **Board to Board Connectors**



These connectors are hermaphroditic. Odd pin numbers on the module are connected to even pin numbers on the baseboard and vice versa.

4 x 5 modules use two or three Samtec Razor Beam LSHM connectors on the bottom side.

- 2 x REF-189016-02 (compatible to LSHM-150-04.0-L-DV-A-S-K-TR), (100 pins, "50" per row)
   1 x REF-189017-02 (compatible to LSHM-130-04.0-L-DV-A-S-K-TR), (60 pins, "30" per row) (depending on module)

#### Connector Mating height

When using the same type on baseboard, the mating height is 8mm. Other mating heights are possible by using connectors with a different height

Order number	Connector on baseboard	compatible to	Mating height
23836	REF-189016-01	LSHM-150-02.5-L-DV-A-S-K-TR	6.5 mm
	LSHM-150-03.0-L-DV-A-S-K-TR	LSHM-150-03.0-L-DV-A-S-K-TR	7.0 mm
23838	REF-189016-02	LSHM-150-04.0-L-DV-A-S-K-TR	8.0 mm
	LSHM-150-06.0-L-DV-A-S-K-TR	LSHM-150-06.0-L-DV-A-S-K-TR	10.0mm
26125	REF-189017-01	LSHM-130-02.5-L-DV-A-S-K-TR	6.5 mm
	LSHM-130-03.0-L-DV-A-S-K-TR	LSHM-130-03.0-L-DV-A-S-K-TR	7.0 mm
24903	REF-189017-02	LSHM-130-04.0-L-DV-A-S-K-TR	8.0 mm
	LSHM-130-06.0-L-DV-A-S-K-TR	LSHM-130-06.0-L-DV-A-S-K-TR	10.0mm

#### Connectors.

The module can be manufactured using other connectors upon request.

#### **Connector Speed Ratings**

The LSHM connector speed rating depends on the stacking height; please see the following table:

Stacking height	Speed rating
12 mm, Single-Ended	7.5 GHz / 15 Gbps
12 mm, Differential	6.5 GHz / 13 Gbps
5 mm, Single-Ended	11.5 GHz / 23 Gbps
5 mm, Differential	7.0 GHz / 14 Gbps

### Speed rating.

#### **Current Rating**

Current rating of Samtec Razor Beam™ LSHM B2B connectors is 2.0A per pin (2 adjacent pins powered).

### Connector Mechanical Ratings

Shock: 100G, 6 ms SineVibration: 7.5G random, 2 hours per axis, 3 axes total

#### Manufacturer Documentation

File	Modified
PDF File hsc-report_lshm-lshm-05mm_web.pdf High speed test report	07 04, 2016 by Thorsten Trenz
PDF File lshm_dv.pdf LSHM catalog page	07 04, 2016 by Thorsten Trenz
PDF File LSHM-1XX-XX.X-X-DV-A-X-X-TR-FOOTPRINT(1).pdf Recommended layout and stencil drawing	07 04, 2016 by Thorsten Trenz
PDF File LSHM-1XX-XX.X-XX-DV-A-X-X-TR-MKT.pdf Technical drawing	07 04, 2016 by Thorsten Trenz
PDF File REF-189016-01.pdf Technical Drawing	07 04, 2016 by Thorsten Trenz
PDF File REF-189016-02.pdf Technical Drawing	07 04, 2016 by Thorsten Trenz
PDF File REF-189017-01.pdf Technical Drawing	07 04, 2016 by Thorsten Trenz
PDF File REF-189017-02.pdf Technical Drawing	07 04, 2016 by Thorsten Trenz
PDF File TC09232523_report_Rev_2_qua.pdf Design qualification test report	07 04, 2016 by Thorsten Trenz
PDF File tc09292611_qua(1).pdf Shock and vibration report	07 04, 2016 by Thorsten Trenz
and All	

#### Download All

# Variants Currently in Production

Trenz shop TE0720 overview page

English page

German page

Table 21: Module variants currently in production.

# **Technical Specifications**

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Reference Document
VIN supply voltage	-0.3	6.5	V	EP53F8QI datasheet.
3.3VIN supply voltage	-0.1	3.75	V	TPS27082L and LCMXO2-1200HC datasheets.
Supply voltage for PS MIO banks	-0.5	3.6	V	See Xilinx DS187 datasheet.
I/O input voltage for MIO banks	-0.4	VCCO_MIO + 0.55	V	See Xilinx DS187 datasheet. (VCCO_MIO0_500, VCCO_MIO1_501)
Supply voltage for HR I/Os banks	-0.5	3.6	V	See Xilinx DS187 datasheet. (VCCIO13, VCCIO33, VCCIO34, VCCIO35)
I/O input voltage for HR I/O banks	-0.4	VCCIO + 0.55	V	See Xilinx DS187 datasheet.
Storage temperature	-40	+85	°C	-
Storage temperature without the ISL12020MIRZ, eMMC Flash and 88E1512 PHY installed	-55	+100	°C	NB! Module variants using Nanya SDRAM chips, max temperature limit is +125 °C.

Table 22: Module absolute maximum ratings.



Assembly variants for higher storage temperature range are available on request.



Please check Xilinx datasheet DS187 for complete list of absolute maximum and recommended operating ratings.

# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Reference Document
VIN supply voltage	2.5	5.5	V	EN6347QI and EP53F8QI datasheets.
3.3VIN supply voltage	3.135	3.465	V	3.3V +/- 5%.
Supply voltage for PS MIO banks	1.71	3.465	V	See Xilinx DS187 datasheet.
I/O input voltage for PS MIO banks	-0.20	VCCO_MIO + 0.20	V	See Xilinx DS187 datasheet.
Supply voltage for HR I/Os banks	1.14	3.465	V	See Xilinx DS187 datasheet.
I/O input voltage for HR I/O banks	-0.20	VCCIO + 0.20	V	See Xilinx DS187 datasheet.

Table 23: Recommended operating conditions.

### **Operating Temperature Ranges**

Commercial grade: 0°C to +70°C.

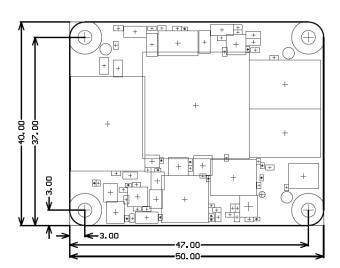
Industrial and automotive grade: -40°C to +85°C.

Operating temperature range depends also on customer design and cooling solution. Please contact us for options.

### **Physical Dimensions**

- $\bullet~$  Module size: 50 mm  $\times$  40 mm. Please download the assembly diagram for exact numbers.
- Mating height with standard connectors: 8 mm.
- PCB thickness: 1.6 mm.
- Highest part on PCB: approx. 2.5 mm. Please download the step model for exact numbers.

All dimensions are given in millimeters.



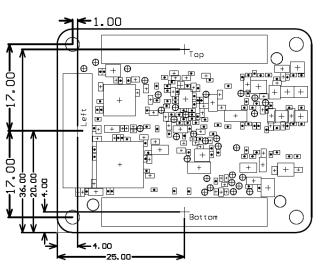


Figure 5: TE0720 module physical dimensions.

# **Revision History**

# **Hardware Revision History**

Date	Revision	Notes	PCN	Documentation Link
2015-10-12	03			TE0720-03
-	02			TE0720-02
-	01	Prototypes		

Table 24: Hardware revision history table.

There is no hardware revision number marking on the module PCB.

## **Document Change History**

Date	Revision	Contributors	Description
Error rendering macro 'page- info'  Ambiguous method overloading for method jdk. proxy279.\$Proxy4022#hasCon tentLevelPermission. Cannot resolve which method to invoke for [null, class java. lang.String, class com. atlassian.confluence.pages. Page] due to overlapping	Error rendering macro 'page- info'  Ambiguous method overloading for method jdk. proxy279.\$Proxy4022#hasCon tentLevelPermission. Cannot resolve which method to invoke for [null, class java. lang.String, class com. atlassian.confluence.pages. Page] due to overlapping	Error rendering macro 'page- info'  Ambiguous method overloading for method jdk. proxy279.\$Proxy4022#hasCon tentLevelPermission. Cannot resolve which method to invoke for [null, class java. lang.String, class com. atlassian.confluence.pages. Page] due to overlapping	Changed currently available chapter to new style
prototypes between: [interface com.atlassian.confluence.user. ConfluenceUser, class java. lang.String, class com. atlassian.confluence.core. ContentEntityObject] [interface com.atlassian.user.User, class java.lang.String, class com.atlassian.confluence.core. ContentEntityObject]	prototypes between: [interface com.atlassian.confluence.user. ConfluenceUser, class java. lang.String, class com. atlassian.confluence.core. ContentEntityObject] [interface com.atlassian.user.User, class java.lang.String, class com.atlassian.confluence.core. ContentEntityObject]	prototypes between: [interface com.atlassian.confluence.user. ConfluenceUser, class java. lang.String, class com. atlassian.confluence.core. ContentEntityObject] [interface com.atlassian.user.User, class java.lang.String, class com. atlassian.confluence.core. ContentEntityObject]	
2021-06-21	v.93	Mohsen Chamanbaz	fix typo for LED location on main compone nt section
2019-02-05	v.92	John Hartfiel	<ul> <li>small document update</li> </ul>
2018-07-05	v.89	John Hartfiel	Update power rail section

2017-11-10	v.85	John Hartfiel	<ul> <li>Replace B2B connecto r section</li> </ul>
2017-09-07	v.84	John Hartfiel	<ul> <li>Correction of Boot Mode section</li> </ul>
2017-08-31	v.83	Jan Kumann	• Initial documen t.
	all	Error rendering macro 'page- info'  Ambiguous method overloading for method jdk. proxy279.\$Proxy4022#hasCon tentLevelPermission. Cannot resolve which method to invoke for [null, class java. lang.String, class com. atlassian.confluence.pages. Page] due to overlapping prototypes between: [interface com.atlassian.confluence.user. ConfluenceUser, class java. lang.String, class com. atlassian.confluence.core. ContentEntityObject] [interface com.atlassian.user.User, class java.lang.String, class com. atlassian.confluence.core. ContentEntityObject]	•

Table 25: Document change history table.

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