

TEM0002 TRM

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Overview

The Trenc Electronic TEM0002-01 SmartBerry with Raspberry Pi form factor, is an industrial-grade module based on Microsemi SmartFusion2 SoC (System on a Chip). The Module has 128MB DDR3 SDRAM, a Gigabit Ethernet PHY, four Pmods, a GPIO Pin header compatible to the Raspberry Pi pinout and a Micro USB to UART interface. SmartFusion2 combines a 166 MHz Cortex-M3 core with 256 KByte Flash, 80 KByte SRAM and a 12 kLUT FPGA core logic.

Key Features

- Microsemi SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA (M2S010)
- 128 MByte DDR3 SDRAM
- On board power converters for all needed voltages

- 40 pin header (compatible to Raspberry Pi pinout)
- 4 x 12 pin Pmods
- Gigabit Ethernet PHY with RGMII interface
- JTAG and UART via Micro USB
- 3 pin header for Live Probes
- 2 x User Button
- 2 x status LED
- 1 x RGB LED

Additional assembly options are available for cost or performance optimization upon request.

Block Diagram

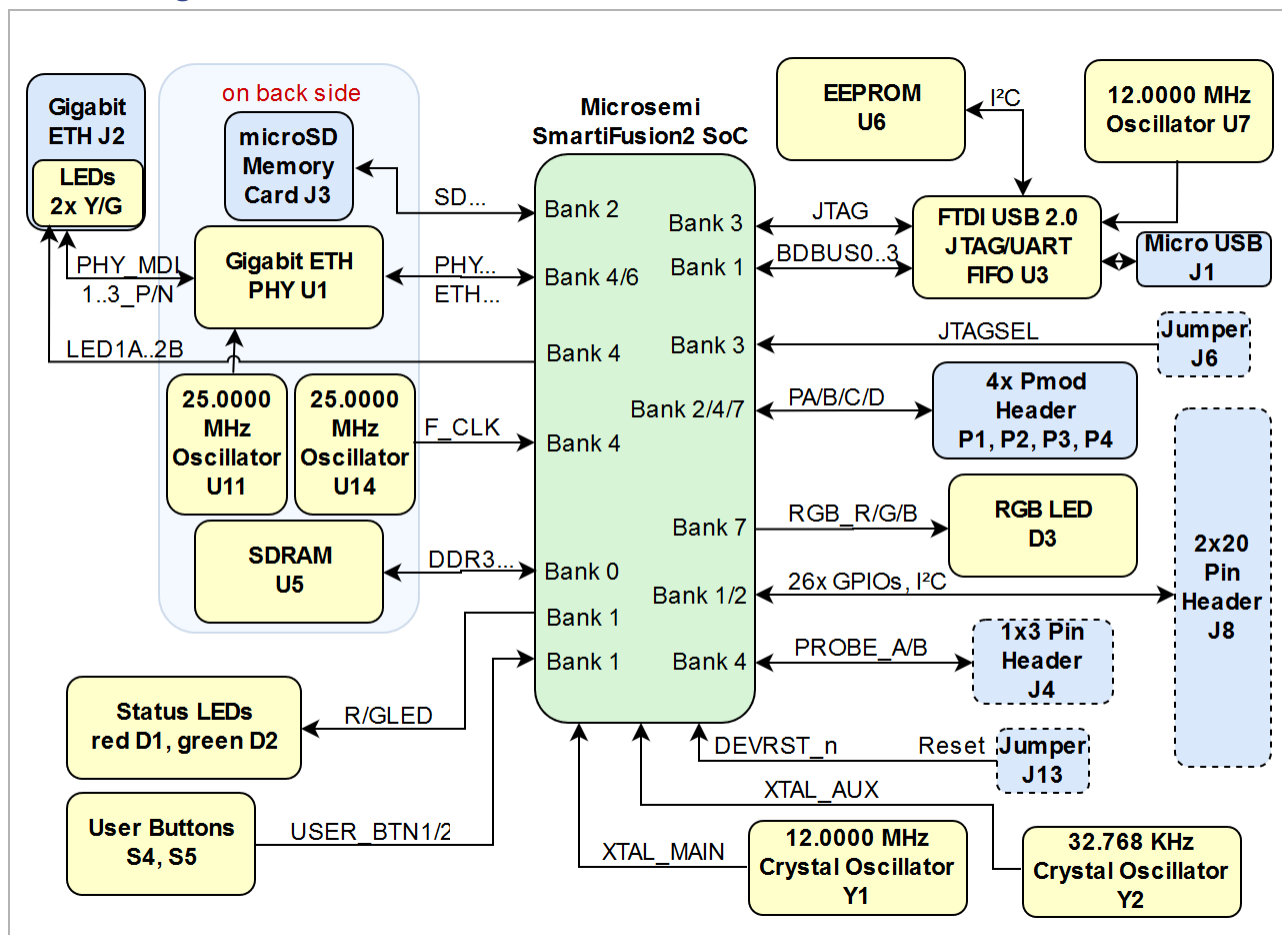
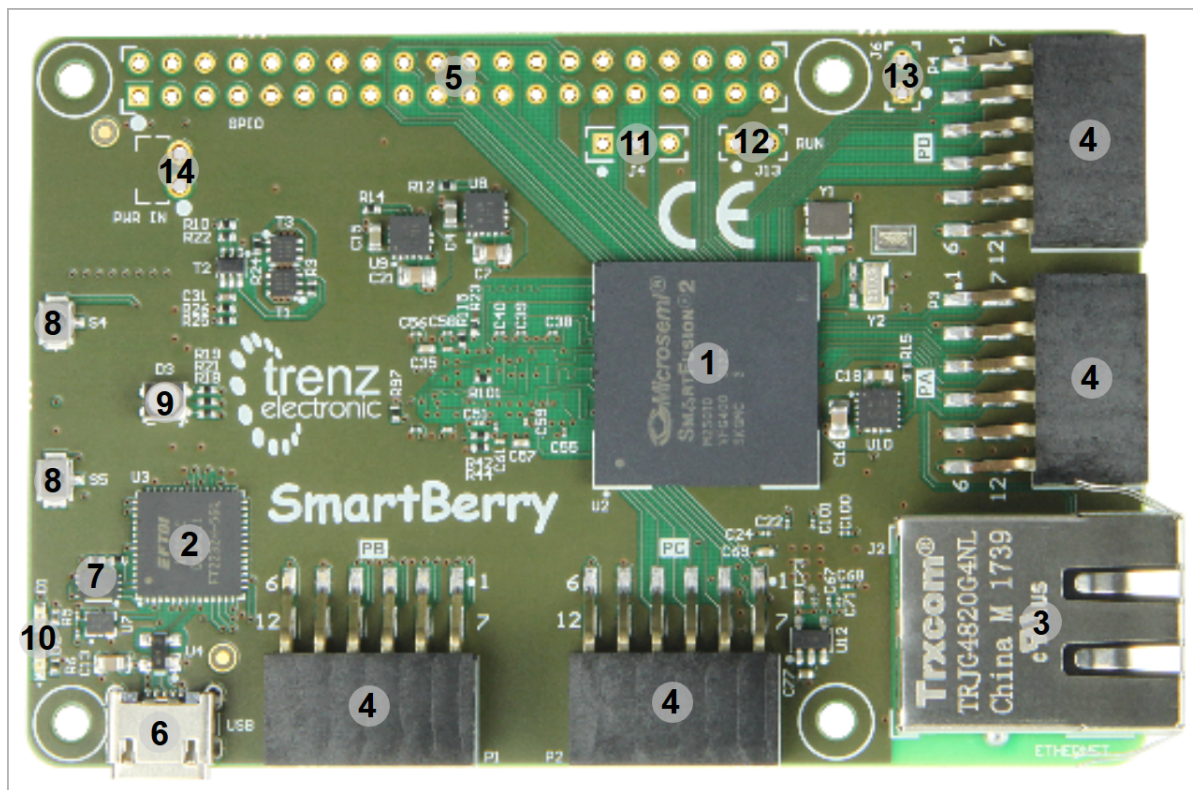


Figure 1: TEM0002-01 block diagram.

Main Components



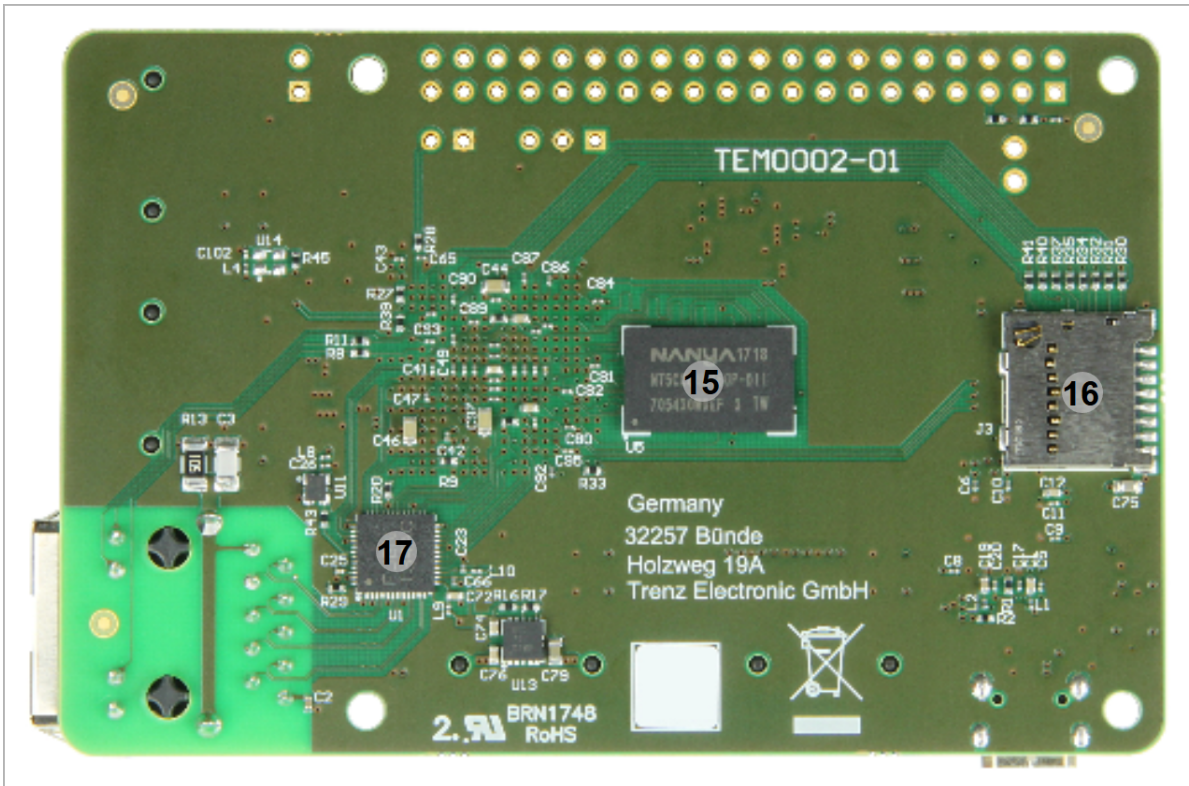


Figure 2: TEM0002-01 main components.

1. Microsemi SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA, U2
2. USB to UART/FIFO (FTDI FT232H), U3
3. Gigabit ETH connector, J2
4. 4x 2x6 pin Pmod, P1, P2, P3, P4
5. GPIO pin header compatible to Raspberry Pi, J8
6. Micro USB 2.0, J1
7. EEPROM 4KBIT (M93C66-R), U6
8. 2x User Button, S4, S5
9. RGB LED, D3
10. LED red, D1 and green, D2
11. Live Probe pins, J4
12. Reset jumper, J13
13. JTAG select jumper, J6
14. Board power header, J5
15. 1Gb DDR3/L SDRAM, U5
16. MicroSD memory card connector, J3
17. Gigabit Ethernet PHY, U1

Initial Delivery State

Storage device name	Content	Notes
Microsemi SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA, U2	Demo Design	-
EEPROM, U6	Programmed	FTDI (FT232H) configuration data.

Table 1: Initial delivery state of programmable devices on the module.

Boot Process

The SmartBerry supports configuration of the system via JTAG by the FTDI USB bridge.

Signals, Interfaces and Pins

I/Os

26 I/O signals provided on the Rasperry Pi compatible header are connected to banks with 3.3V. Depending on the configuration of the SoC, also GPIOs of the Microprocessor subsystem can be routet to the SoC Pins.

FPGA SoC Signal	SOC Pin	Header Pin	Raspberry Pi Signal
MSIO19PB2	U2-H16	3	GPIO2
MSIO16PB2	U2-J17	5	GPIO3
MSIO2PB2	U2-T18	7	GPIO4
MSIO1PB2	U2-U18	8	GPIO14
MSIO5NB2	U2-R18	10	GPIO15
MSIO11NB2	U2-M17	11	GPIO17
MSIO6PB2	U2-P18	12	GPIO18
MSIO14PB2	U2-L15	13	GPIO27
MSIO17PB2	U2-K16	15	GPIO22
MSIO11PB2	U2-N16	16	GPIO23
MSIO27NB1	U2-B19	18	GPIO24
MSIO25NB1	U2-C20	19	GPIO10
MSIO25PB1	U2-D20	21	GPIO9
MSIO22NB1	U2-F18	22	GPIO25
MSIO20NB2	U2-F20	23	GPIO11
MSIO20PB2	U2-G19	24	GPIO08
MSIO18PB2	U2-H19	26	GPIO07
MSIO28PB1	U2-A20	27	ID_SDA
MSIO28NB1	U2-A19	28	ID_SCL
MSIO16NB2	U2-J18	29	GPIO05
MSIO15NB2	U2-J20	31	GPIO06
MSIO15PB2	U2-K20	32	GPIO12
MSIO14NB2	U2-L16	33	GPIO13
MSIO13NB2	U2-L19	35	GPIO19
MSIO13PB2	U2-L20	36	GPIO16
MSIO8PB2	U2-N20	37	GPIO26
MSIO8NB2	U2-M19	38	GPIO20
MSIO4NB2	U2-N19	40	GPIO21

Table 2: General overview of I/O signals connected to the SoC.

Further I/Os are provided via the Pmod connectors described below.

Pmods

The module provides four 2x6 female Pmod connectors. Two of the headers (P2 and P3) are arranged to use as dual 12 pin Pmod. According to the standard on all four headers Pin 5 and 11 are connected to ground, 6 and 12 to 3.3V.

FPGA SoC Signal	Pin	Pmod Signal	Pmod Pin
MSIO71PB7	U2-F3	PB-01	P1-1
MSIO71NB7	U2-F4	PB-02	P1-2
MSIO68NB7	U2-E3	PB-03	P1-3
MSIO80NB7	U2-H4	PB-04	P1-4
MSIO75PB7	U2-G4	PB-05	P1-7
MSIO75NB7	U2-F5	PB-06	P1-8
MSIO67NB7	U2-E5	PB-07	P1-9
MSIO78NB7	U2-G3	PB-08	P1-10
MSIO79PB7	U2-G1	PC-01	P2-1
MSIO79NB7	U2-F1	PC-02	P2-2
MSIO70NB7	U2-E2	PC-03	P2-3
MSIO64PB7	U2-C1	PC-04	P2-4
MSIO78PB7	U2-G2	PC-05	P2-7
MSIO70PB7	U2-E1	PC-06	P2-8
MSIO68PB7	U2-D2	PC-07	P2-9
MSIO64NB7	U2-C2	PC-08	P2-10
MSIO117NB4	U2-Y16	PA-01	P3-1
MSIO117PB4	U2-Y15	PA-02	P3-2
MSIO112PB4	U2-W13	PA-03	P3-3
MSIO110PB4	U2-V12	PA-04	P3-4
MSIO118PB4	U2-W15	PA-05	P3-7
MSIO112NB4	U2-W14	PA-06	P3-8
MSIO105NB4	U2-Y13	PA-07	P3-9
MSIO104PB4	U2-V11	PA-08	P3-10
MSIO4PB2	U2-P20	PD-01	P4-1
MSIO3NB2	U2-R20	PD-02	P4-2
MSIO2NB2	U2-T19	PD-03	P4-3
MSIO0PB2	U2-V20	PD-04	P4-4
MSIO6NB2	U2-P19	PD-05	P4-7
MSIO3PB2	U2-T20	PD-06	P4-8
MSIO1NB2	U2-U19	PD-07	P4-9
MSIO0NB2	U2-V19	PD-08	P4-10

Table 3: Overview of Pmod signals connected to the SoC.

JTAG Interface

JTAG access to the SoC components is provided through the micro usb connector via the FTDI usb to UART bridge. Depending on the jumper J6 the JTAGSEL signal SW3 switches the JTAG interface to either the FPGA fabric TAP (OPEN, high) or the Cortex-M3 JTAG debug interface (CLOSED, low). JTAG signals are powered by 3.3V.

FTDI signal	pin	JTAG Signal	Microsemi SmartFusion2 SoC pin
ADBUSH0	U3-12	TCK	U2-W19
ADBUSH1	U3-13	TDI	U2-V16
ADBUSH2	U3-14	TDO	U2-Y20
ADBUSH3	U3-15	TMS	U2-V17

Table 4: JTAG interface signals.

SD Card Interface

The SD Card interface is connected to bank 2 of the SoC

FPGA / SoC Pin	Connected To	Signal Name	Notes
U2-H16	J3-9	SD_CD	Card detect switch
U2-N15	J3-7	SD_D0	
U2-G18	J3-8	SD_D1	
U2-R16	J3-1	SD_D2	
U2-R17	J3-2	SD_D3	
U2-R15	J3-3	SD_CMD	
U2-P15	J3-5	SD_CLK	

Table 5: SD Card interface signals and connections.

Ethernet Interface

PHY Pin	Signal	Microsemi SmartFusion2 SoC signal	Pin	Notes
U1-25	ETH_TXCK	MSIOD84PB6	U2-K7	
U1-23	ETH_TXCTL	MSIOD87NB6	U2-K3	
U1-26	ETH_TXD0	MSIOD93PB6	U2-L1	
U1-28	ETH_TXD1	MSIOD97NB6	U2-M2	
U1-29	ETH_TXD2	MSIOD97PB6	U2-M1	
U1-30	ETH_TXD3	MSIOD95PB6	U2-M3	
U1-22	ETH_RRXCK	MSIOD84PB6	U2-J2	
U1-21	ETH_RRXCTL	MSIOD93NB6	U2-K1	
U1-20	ETH_RRXD0	MSIOD86PB6	U2-K5	
U1-18	ETH_RRXD1	MSIOD82PB6	U2-H1	
U1-17	ETH_RRXD2	MSIOD82NB6	U2-H2	
U1-16	ETH_RRXD3	MSIOD83PB6	U2-J4	

U1-31	ETH_MDC	MSIOD99PB6	U2-N1	
U1-33	ETH_MDIO	MSIOD99NB6	U2-N2	
U1-34	ETH_MDINT	MSIOD98PB6	U2-N4	
U1-35	ETH_RST	MSIO114PB4	U2-R13	
U1-36	PHY_RCLKOUT	MSIO102NB4/CCC_NE1_CLKIO	U2-W10	
U1-39	PHY_LED0	MSIO104NB4	U2-U11	
U1-38	PHY_LED1	MSIO116PB4	U2_T14	

Table 6: Ethernet PHY signals and connections.

I2C Interface

There are no on-board I²C devices. For Raspberry Pi compability the device detection I²C bus is routed from the header J8-27/28 to Bank 1 U2-A20/A19 (SDA/SCL).

I2C Device	I2C Address	Notes
Header J8	0x50	Device detection/identification.

Table 7: I²C slave device addresses.

On-board Peripherals

DDR Memory

TEM0002 has 1Gb industrial grade DDR3 SDRAM (U5). A 16-bit wide memory bus providing total of 128 MBytes of on-board RAM. Specification is 800 MHz clocking resulting in 1600 Mb/s data rate and timings of 11-11-11 (CL-T_{RCD}-T_{RP}).

Gigabit Ethernet PHY

On-board Gigabit Ethernet PHY (J2) is provided by Microsemi VSC8531 chip (U1). The Ethernet PHY RGMII interface is connected to bank 6 of the Microsemi SOC. I/O voltage is fixed at 1.5V. The reference clock input of the PHY is supplied from an external 25.000000 MHz oscillator (U11).

Oscillators

The module has following reference clock signals provided by on-board oscillators:

Clock Source	Schematic Name	Frequency	Clock Destination
Crystal CX3225CA25000D0HSSCC	Y1	25.000 MHz ¹	SmartFusion2 SoC U2 Main XTAL
Crystal ECX-31B	Y2	32.768 KHz	SmartFusion2 SoC U2 AUX XTAL
SiTime SiT8008AI oscillator	U11	25.000000 MHz	Gb Ethernet Copper PHY U1A
SiTime SiT8008AI oscillator	U14	25.000000 MHz	SmartFusion2 SoC U2-Y12 Bank 4

Table 8: Reference clock signals.

¹In REV02, Y1 will be replaced by a 12 MHz crystal.

On-board LEDs

LED	Color	Connected to	SoC FPGA Signal	Description and Notes
D1	Red	U2-G16 Bank 1	MSIO21PB1	
D2	Green	U2-G17 Bank 1	MSIO21NB1	
D3	RGB	U2-H5 Bank 7, U2-F6 Bank 7, U2-H6 Bank 7	MSIO80PB7, MSIO67PB7, MSIO81NB7	
J2	Green, Yellow	U2-Y10 Bank 4, U2-U12 Bank 4	MSIO102PB4, MSIO110NB4	Ethernet: LED1A, LED1B
J2	Green, Yellow	U2-V14 Bank 4, U2-U14 Bank 4	MSIO115PB4, MSIO115PB4	Ethernet: LED2A, LED2B

Table 9: On-board LEDs.

On-board Buttons

Button	Connected to	SoC FPGA Signal
S4	U2-E17 Bank 1	MSIO24PB1
S5	U2-E16 Bank 1	MSIO24NB1

Table 10: On-board Buttons.

Power and Power-On Sequence

There is no specific power on Sequence. Just supply with 5V via the micro USB J1 or the J5 PWR_IN with current rating sufficient for your Design.

Power Consumption

The maximum power consumption of a module mainly depends on the design running on the FPGA.

Power Input	Typical Current
VIN	TBD*
3.3VIN	TBD*

Table 11: Typical power consumption.

* TBD - To Be Determined soon with reference design setup.

Power supply with minimum current capability of ...A for system startup is recommended.

For the lowest power consumption and highest efficiency of the on-board DC-DC regulators it is recommended to power the module from one single 3.3V supply. All input power supplies have a nominal value of 3.3V. Although the input power supplies can be powered up in any order, it is recommended to power them up simultaneously.

Power Distribution Dependencies

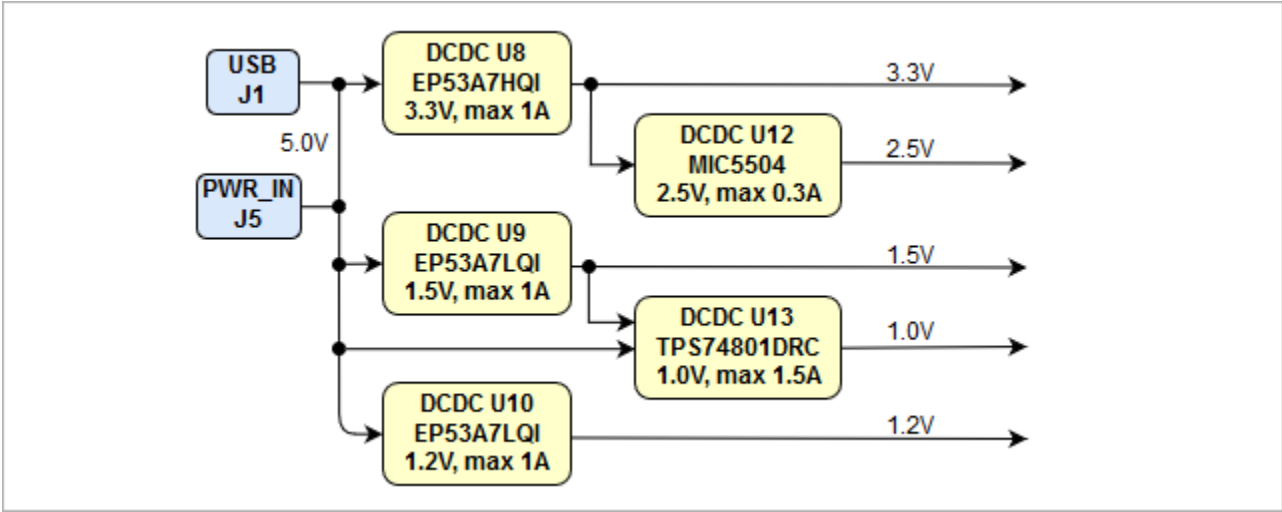


Figure 3: Module power distribution diagram.

Power Rails

Power Rail Name	Connector pin	Direction	Notes
VIN	J5-1	Input	Main supply voltage.
5V	J8-2, J8-4	Output	
3.3V	J8-1, J8-17	Output	
1.5V	-	Output	
1.2V	-	Output	
GND	J5-2, J8-9/25/39/6/14/20/30/34		

Table 12: Module power rails.

Bank Voltages

Bank	Schematic Name	Voltage	Voltage Range
0 (DDR3)	1.5V	1.5V	-
1	3.3V	3.3V	-
2	3.3V	3.3V	-
3	3.3V	3.3V	-
4	3.3V	3.3V	-
5	1.5V	1.5V	-
6	1.5V	1.5V	-
7	3.3V	3.3V	-

Table 13: I/O bank voltages.

Variants Currently In Production

Module Variant	FPGA / SoC	Operating Temperature	Temperature Range
TEM0002-01	M2S010	0°C to +70°C	commercial

Table 14: Module variants.

Technical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Reference Document
VIN supply voltage	-0.3	6.0	V	-
Storage temperature ¹	-25	70	°C	-

Table 15: Module absolute maximum ratings.

¹Boundary determined by the specification of the buttons, all other components have at least a range of -40°C to 85°C.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Reference Document
VIN supply voltage	2.4	5.5	V	-
Operating temperature ¹	0	70	°C	-

Table 16: Module recommended operating conditions.

¹Upper bound is determined by the buttons, all other components have at least a upper bound of 85 °C.

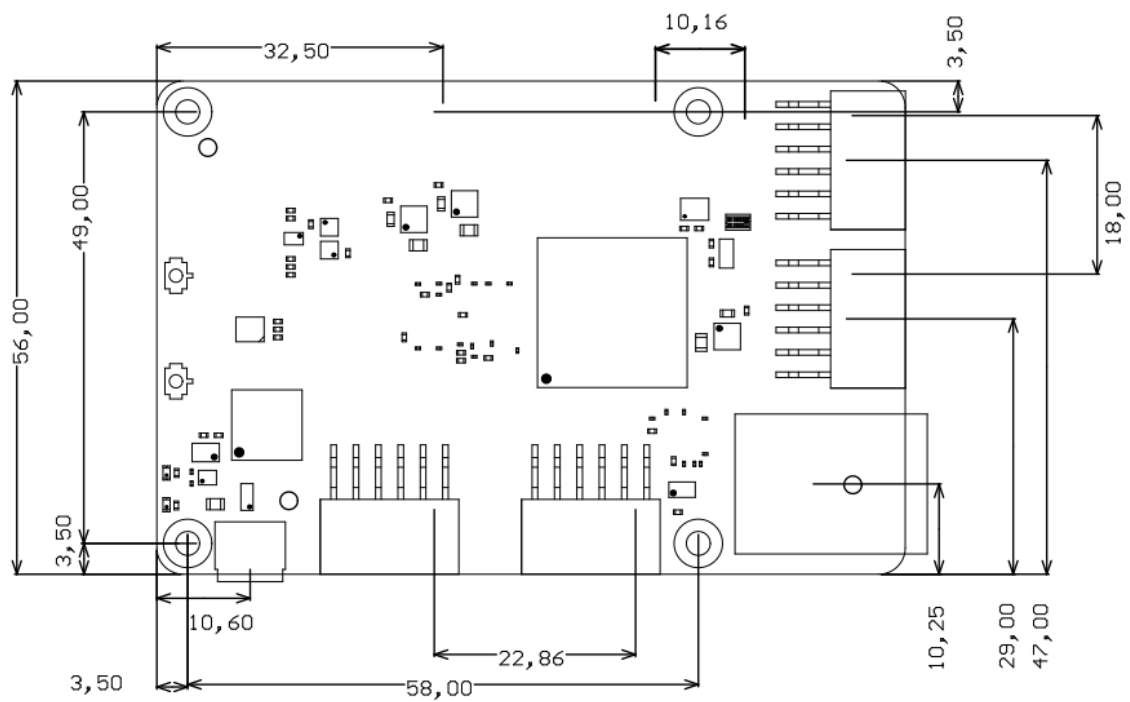
Operating Temperature Ranges

Module operating temperature range depends also on customer design and cooling solution. Please contact us for options.

Physical Dimensions

- Module size: 85 mm × 56 mm. Please download the assembly diagram for exact numbers.
- PCB thickness: 1.55 mm.
- Highest part on PCB: top approx. 13.3 mm (Ethernet), bottom 1.57mm (SD-Card)Please download the step model for exact numbers.

All dimensions are given in millimeters.



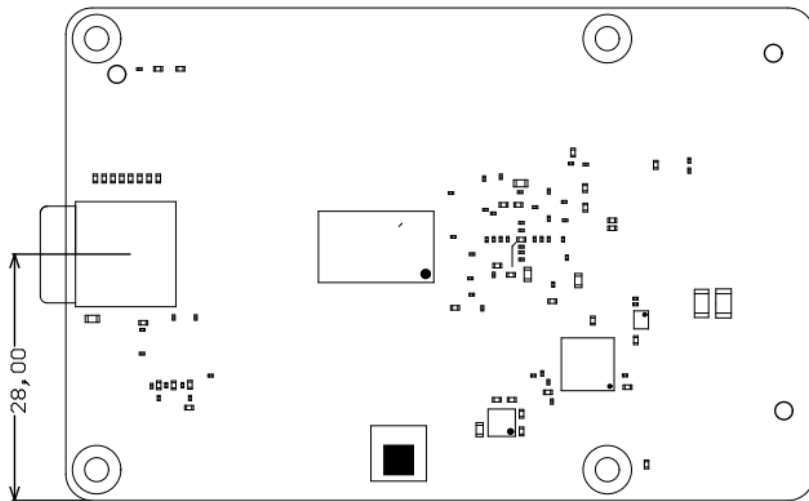


Figure 4: Module physical dimensions drawing.

Revision History

Hardware Revision History

Date	Revision	Notes	PCN	Documentation Link
-	01	Prototypes		

Table 17: Module hardware revision history.

Hardware revision number can be found on the PCB board together with the module model number separated by the dash.



Figure 5: Module hardware revision number.

Document Change History

Date	Revision	Contributors	Description
Error rendering macro 'page-info' Ambiguous method overloading for method jdk.proxy279.\$Proxy4022#hasContentLevelPermission. Cannot resolve which method to invoke for [null, class java.lang.String, class com.atlassian.confluence.pages.Page] due to overlapping prototypes between: [interface com.atlassian.confluence.user.ConfluenceUser, class java.lang.String, class com.atlassian.confluence.core.ContentEntityObject] [interface com.atlassian.user.User, class java.lang.String, class com.atlassian.confluence.core.ContentEntityObject]	Unknown macro: 'metadata' all	Martin Rohrmüller Jan Kumann, John Hartfiel	• initial document

Table 18: Document change history.

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REACH, RoHS and WEEE

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Error rendering macro 'page-info'

Ambiguous method overloading for method `jdk.proxy279.$Proxy4022#hasContentLevelPermission`. Cannot resolve which method to invoke for `[null, class java.lang.String, class com.atlassian.confluence.pages.Page]` due to overlapping prototypes between: `[interface com.atlassian.confluence.user.ConfluenceUser, class java.lang.String, class com.atlassian.confluence.core.ContentEntityObject]` `[interface com.atlassian.user.User, class java.lang.String, class com.atlassian.confluence.core.ContentEntityObject]`

02 Sept 2017